

EXHIBIT 7g

DECLARATION OF LEROY PLETTEN


I, Leroy Pletten, declare as follows:

1. My name is Leroy Pletten. I live in Sterling Heights, Michigan.
2. I have served as a precinct chairperson at local polling places for approximately fifteen years. My responsibilities as precinct chairperson include supervising the other poll workers and making sure that the election day operation runs smoothly and that all procedures are followed.
3. In the August 7, 2012, primary election I served as precinct chairperson at Precinct 53 in Warren, Michigan.
4. Before the primary election day I was given no information or instruction regarding the check box for affirming U.S. citizenship. I was given precinct chairperson training in June, 2012. I can recall no mention of the citizenship check box. I was given a "precinct exam." A copy of the exam is attached. The exam had no questions about the check box affirming U.S. citizenship and did not mention it. Question 26 asked about information required on the application to vote, and it did not refer to the check box.
5. Precinct 53 was not very busy on election day. However, I noticed a number of incidents in which the citizenship check box slowed the process down. Some people stopped to ask why the check box was on the form. I recall some voters complaining about it. A few voters said they thought it had been vetoed.
6. I do not recall receiving any information or instructions about the citizenship check box during election day.
7. I can predict from experience that polling places will be much busier on November 6, 2012.

My experience is that there can be long lines. I am concerned, based on my experience in the August 7, 2012, primary, that the citizenship check box will cause significant delays on November 6, 2012. Voters may become frustrated by the delays and decide not to vote.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on this day, 14 Sept, 2012


LERoy PLETTEN

Chairperson/

Election Exam

1. Michigan election law stipulates that no person is permitted to solicit votes or engage in any type of campaigning within _____ feet of any doorway used by voters to enter the building in which a polling place is located.
 - 25 feet
 - 50 feet
 - 100 feet
 - Campaigning may not be done at all near a polling place.

2. An exit pollster is 20 feet away from the doorway used by the voters to enter the polling place and is asking political questions of people who exit the building. You should:
 - Ask the person to move 100 feet or more from the doorway because campaigning may not be done within 100 feet of the doorway.
 - Call the local clerk for direction.
 - Take no action because the exit pollster is following the rules *correct*

3. It comes to your attention that one of the election inspectors is only 17 years old. Under Michigan law a person must be 18 years old to vote. You should:
 - Call your local clerk for direction *NO*
 - Assign the worker to duties that do not involve the handling of ballots
 - Do nothing. Students may be poll workers if there are at least three adult poll workers assigned to the precinct. *correct*

4. A voter comes to the polling place but cannot produce a photo ID. May the voter still vote?
 - Yes
 - No

5. You hear a fellow poll worker tell voters, "You must show your driver's license in order to vote." You should:
 - Correct the statement and explain voters do not need to show a driver's license in order to vote
 - Do nothing because the statement is correct

6. After handing a voter a ballot, you notice the voter pull out a political party's endorsement card that lists a slate of candidates endorsed by the party. It appears the voter will be using this political slate list when voting. You should:
- Instruct the voter that political material must remain at least 100 feet away from the polling place and ask the voter to put the political slate list in their car.
 - Attempt to confiscate the political slate list and immediately call your local clerk in case similar attempts are made at other polling locations.
 - Determine if the political list of candidates is from a major political party, such as the Republican Party or Democratic Party, and if the list is not from one of those parties, then ask the voter to cover the list.
 - Do nothing because voters are allowed to use political endorsement lists of candidates to assist them when voting as long as they do not leave the list in the polling place when they are finished.
7. At your polling place you see three challengers. One is from the Republican Party, one is from the Democratic Party and one is from a candidate for state representative. You should:
- Make sure each challenger has credentials issued by the county clerk and let them remain.
 - Call your local clerk because challengers are not permitted inside polling places.
 - Inform the challenger from the candidate for state representative that candidates may not appoint challengers.
8. What is the maximum number of challengers from the same political party that may be present in a precinct at any one time?
- One
 - Two
 - Three
 - Four
9. If a voter completes an Application to Vote form but does not appear on the precinct's qualified voter file list, what process must be used?
- None. The voter may not vote if he or she is not on the registered voter list.
 - Follow the "Four Step Procedure Form"
 - The voter should be directed to the city, township, or village clerk's office.
 - You should request a copy of the voter's photo ID, then immediately call the local clerk to report attempted voter fraud and hold onto the ID until the police arrive.

Precinct Exam

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10. Which of the following must carry credentials by appointing authority?
- Challenger
 - Poll Watcher
 - Neither
 - Both
11. Which of the following has a right to challenge a person's eligibility to vote?
- Challenger
 - Poll Watcher
 - Neither
 - Both
12. Which of the following has the right to challenge the actions of election inspectors?
- Challenger *correct*
 - Poll Watcher
 - Neither
 - Both *No*
13. Which of the following may stand or sit behind the processing table?
- Challenger *correct*
 - Poll Watcher
 - ~~Neither~~ *No*
 - Both
14. Which of the following may handle the Poll Book and other election materials?
- Challenger
 - Poll Watcher
 - Neither
 - Both
15. Which of the following may use a cell phone in the polling place?
- Challenger
 - Poll Watcher
 - ~~Neither~~
 - Both *correct*
16. Which of the following may wear clothing, button, arm band, vest, etc., that identifies organization he or she represents?
- Challenger
 - Poll Watcher
 - Neither
 - Both

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17. Which of the following has the right to approach and question voters?
- Challenger
 - Poll Watcher
 - Neither
 - Both
18. Which of the following may obtain the vote results generated in the precinct after the polls close?
- Challenger
 - Poll Watcher
 - Neither
 - Both
19. If a voter completes an Application to Vote and does not appear on the precinct's Qualified Voter File list, under what circumstance may the voter still vote a regular ballot without having to vote a provisional ballot?
- The only option in this case is for the voter to cast a provisional ballot
 - If the voter can produce a voter registration receipt that shows he or she is registered to vote before the deadline, then the voter may complete a new voter registration form and cast a regular ballot.
 - If the precinct captain calls the local clerk to confirm the voter does not appear on any other precinct's list, then the voter may vote but only a provisional ballot.
 - A voter not appearing on the qualified voter file precinct list may not vote under any circumstances.
20. When is the "four-step procedure form" used?
- When opening the polling place to ensure consistent layout of precincts throughout the community.
 - When closing the polling place to make sure the tabulators are properly shut down.
 - When helping a voter to vote who does not appear on the precinct's qualified voter file list.
21. The AutoMARK voter assist terminal may be used only by persons with disabilities.
- True
 - False

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22. If a voter is registered to vote, but appears in the wrong precinct and does not want to drive to the correct precinct, what must a poll worker do?
- Nothing. The voter may not vote. *NO*
 - Let the voter vote a provisional ballot and tell the voter that his or her provisional ballot will not count if it is confirmed after the election that the voter has voted in the wrong precinct. *fine*
 - Confirm the voter is not on the precinct's qualified voter file list but do not offer to help the voter find the correct precinct because voters should know where their polling locations are.
23. Just before a voter votes you overhear a conversation between the voter and another and discover that the voter's home has been foreclosed. You should:
- Instruct a challenger to challenge the voter because the foreclosure brings into question the voter's eligibility.
 - Do nothing unless there is a millage issue on the ballot because only millage issues are affected by foreclosures.
 - Do nothing and let the voter vote because the status of their property is irrelevant and does not affect their right to vote.
 - Ask for two pieces of photo ID to confirm the voter has not been evicted from a foreclosed home.
24. The LCD screen on the tabulator indicates that a voted ballot has jammed in the tabulator. You must move the tabulator away from the bin then fix the ballot jam. What's the first step you should take?
- Pull the tabulator away from the bin. *NO*
 - Try to override the error message.
 - Check the LCD screen to see if the ballot was or was not counted *correct*
 - Shake the bin to loosen the jammed ballot.
25. A voter who has already been issued ballot #100 spoils that ballot and returns to your table for a new one. The next ballot to be issued is ballot #105. How do you note this in the poll book?
- Tell the voter that he is only allowed one ballot and is not entitled to a new one.
 - Write the voter's name and new ballot number on the next available line.
 - Use whiteout to change the voter's original ballot number.
 - On the line where the voter's name has already been entered: cross out ballot #100, write in ballot #105 next to the crossed out number, and write "spoiled" in the remarks column.

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26. What information is required on an Application to Vote?
- Signature of voter. (Printed name is optional)
 - Current residential address
 - Day and month of birth. (Year of birth is optional)
 - All of the above
27. Picture identification is not required of a voter related or well known to the election inspector handling the picture identification requirement.
- True. Since the person is known to the inspector no further action need be taken.
 - False. Consistent application of the picture identification requirement is important to avoid the appearance that the requirement is being selectively enforced.
28. If a voter spoils his or her ballot, the voter may:
- Request a new ballot and keep the old ballot as proof of having gone to the polls.
 - If they wish, ask the election inspector to "override" their ballot and have it accepted by the tabulator.
 - Request a new ballot; the spoiled ballot is retained at the polling place.
 - Both Choice 2 and Choice 3 are correct.
29. If a voter requests the names of write-in candidates, the election inspectors must:
- Provide the voter with the information requested.
 - Inform the voter that election inspectors are prohibited from discussing candidates in the polling place and refer the voter to the clerk's office.
 - Write the requested information on a slip of paper.
30. After the polls close you must compare the Public Counter total to the total number of voters who were issued a ballot according to the poll lists (Poll Book and Applications to Vote). These numbers must agree.
- True
 - False
31. After you turn the tabulator on in the morning, a "zero tape" will print. Once the "zero tape" is done printing, you should tear it off and place it in the "local clerk" envelope.
- True – the "zero tape" must be placed in the "local clerk" envelope immediately after printing for safe keeping.
 - False – the "zero tape" must stay attached to the first "results tape" that prints at the end of the night. Then both tapes go in the "local clerk" envelope.

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32. A voter brings a "minor child" (under the age of 18) into the voting booth with them. What should you do?
- Do not let the voter tabulate their ballot because it has been exposed to another person.
 - Inform the voter that he or she may continue voting, but the minor child must wait outside the voting booth.
 - Do nothing. Voters are allowed to take minor children into the voting booth.
 - Only allow the minor child in the booth if they are with their parent or guardian.
33. Your local clerk has informed you that there is one legitimate write-in candidate at an election. At the end of the night, when looking through the ballots of voters who cast a write-in vote, you come across a vote for someone other than the declared candidate. Do you record the write-in votes?
- Yes – all write-in votes must be recorded in the poll book.
 - No – a write-in vote for an individual who has not filed a Write-in Declaration of Intent form does not count.
34. Your local clerk has informed you that there is one legitimate write-in candidate at an election. At the end of the night, when looking through the ballots of voters who cast a write-in vote, you come across a vote that is similar to the name of the declared candidate, but is badly misspelled. Do you record the write-in vote?
- Yes – you should record all valid write-in votes exactly as they were cast; including name variations and misspellings.
 - No – the write-in vote must exactly match the name written on the Write-in Declaration of Intent form.
35. A voter offering to vote in your precinct is listed in the poll book as having voted an absentee ballot. The voter says that he never received the absentee ballot and wants to vote in person. What do you do?
- Inform the voter that he may vote in person because he was issued an AV ballot.
 - Call the clerk's office to ensure that the AV ballot was not returned. Have the voter fill out the "Affidavit of Absent Voter" form. Issue the voter a ballot and tabulate it in the normal process.
 - The voter may only vote in person if they surrender their unvoted AV ballot to you.
 - The voter may not vote in person at the precinct, but may go to the clerk's office and be issued a new AV ballot.

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36. As a voter begins to insert their ballot into the machine, you notice your machine has stopped accepting ballots. The reason for the malfunction is not initially clear. What is the first step you take?
- Ensure that the voter inserts their ballot in the auxiliary bin.
 - Call your local clerk to inform them of the matter.
 - Check to see whether the machine is plugged in.
 - Ask the voter to give you their ballot and set it aside to be counted when the machine is fixed.
37. If a voter does not have photo ID, what is the form called that a voter must sign in order to be able to vote?
- Affidavit of Voter Not in Possession of Picture Identification
 - Affidavit of Parentage
 - Affidavit of Citizenship
 - No form needs to be signed

38. Call Quadrant Leader not City Hall - low staff
39. Receiving board - 2 stop check in -
all be renewed - signatures, seals
2 signatures needed get all #
40. Electronic Poll Books are coming - as a
laptop - 57. surge licenses, all use
no poll book + no voter list. 2 people,
precinct will be trained to use the electronic
poll book. Classes will follow
41. At begin, use select precinct. If come to wrong per
it tells them.